Net-fishing in the non-tidal waters of the Province, including commercial fishing, is regulated and administered by the Provincial Department of Fisheries, while authority for regulation of the game fisheries in the non-tidal waters is vested in the Game Commission, a branch of the Provincial Government administration. The Game Commission operates a number of trout hatcheries and egg-taking stations for re-stocking purposes.

The harvesting of marine plants of commercial importance in British Columbia, including the kelps, has recently been placed under the Provincial Department of Fisheries for regulation and control. Some research has already been done on a few of the more important species and more will be undertaken as required.

The Provincial Department of Fisheries has established a marine laboratory at Ladysmith on Vancouver Island for the purpose of conducting biological research into those species over which the Province has control, principally oysters, clams and other forms of shell-fish as well as marine plants. This research is conducted with the object of encouraging the industry to produce better products more economically and of enabling the Department to regulate the various species so that maximum exploitation may be obtained on a sustained-yield basis. The Department co-operates closely with the research work done by the Fisheries Research Board of Canada, particularly on the Pacific Coast.

Section 2.—Fishery Statistics* Subsection 1.—Primary Production

The marketed value of all fishery products in Canada (exclusive of Newfoundland) rose to \$175,718,000 in 1951, a figure higher by almost 16 p.c. than that of 1950. The record production of the West Coast fisheries accounted for most of the increase. The landings of fish, amounting to 1,448,300,000 lb., although 3 p.c. lower than the previous year were, nevertheless, maintained at a high level.

The data for Newfoundland are not included in the following tables as comparable information for that Province is not available. It is estimated, however, that in 1951 the landings of fish in Newfoundland amounted to about 612,500,000 lb., with a value to the fishermen of \$13,500,000, while the marketed value of fisheries products was in the neighbourhood of \$29,000,000.

 Revised in the Fisheries Section, Industry and Merchandising Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

1.—Marketed Values of All Products of the Fisheries, 1870-1951 (Exclusive of Newfoundland)

Year	Value	Year	Value	Year	Value
	\$'000		\$'000		\$'000
870	6,577	1920	49,241	1942	75.117
875	10,350	1925	47,942	1943	85.595
880	14,500	1930	47,804	1944	89,440
885	17,723	1935	34,428	1945	113,871
890	17,715	1936	39,165	1946	121, 125
895	20,199	1937	38,976	1947	123,900
900	21,558	1938	40,493	1948	139.749
905	29,480	1939	40,076	1949	131, 138
910	29,965	1940	45, 119	1950	151,982
915	35,861	1941	62,259	1951	175,718